

GENERAL

	Page
ABBREVIATION AND THEIR MEANINGS.....	1-2
VEHICLE LIFT-UP AND SUPPORT LOCATIONS	1-3
GENERAL REPAIR PRECAUTIONS	1-4

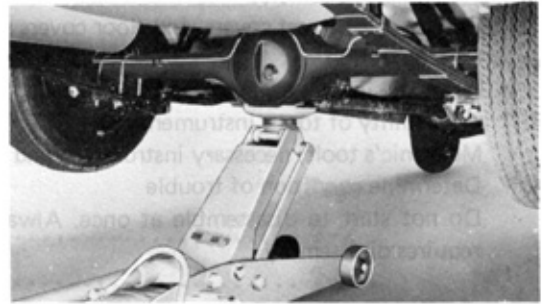
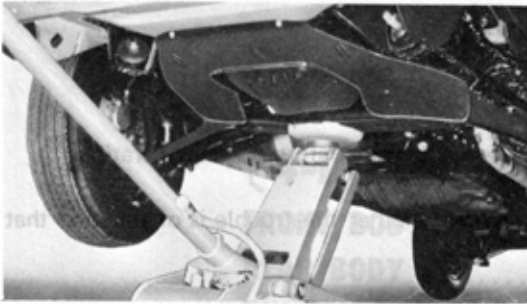
ABBREVIATION AND THEIR MEANINGS

For convenience, the following codes are used in this manual.

Abbreviation	Term	Definition
RH	Right Hand	
LH	Left Hand	
SST	Special Service Tool	This term designates tools that have been manufactured specially for the servicing of this vehicle. Their part numbers are shown in the text enclosed by [].
STD	Standard	This term refers to the dimension of the part when originally manufactured.
O/S	Oversize	Sizes larger than STD are indicated as o/s.
U/S	Undersize	Sizes smaller than STD are indicated as u/s.
MP	Multipurpose	Use in the case of MP grease.
W/	With	
W/O	Without	
M/T	Manual Transmission	
A/T	Automatic Transmission	

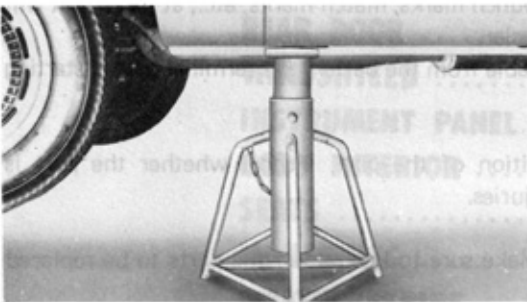
VEHICLE LIFT-UP & SUPPORT LOCATIONS

Jack Up Point

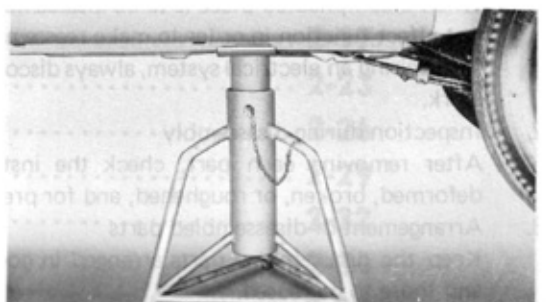


Stand Locations

Front



Rear



Other Stand Locations

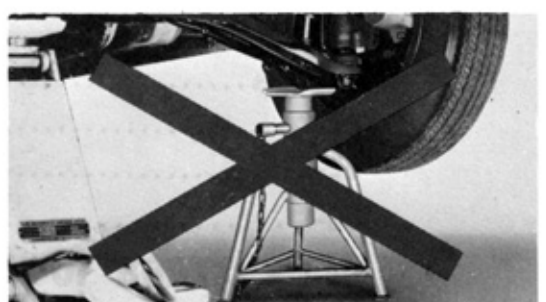
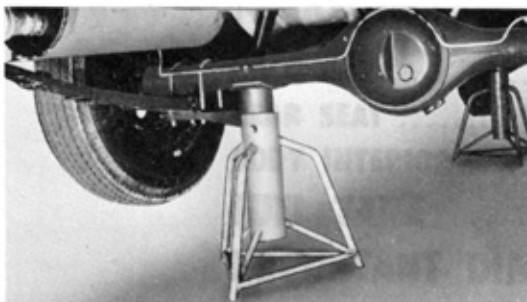
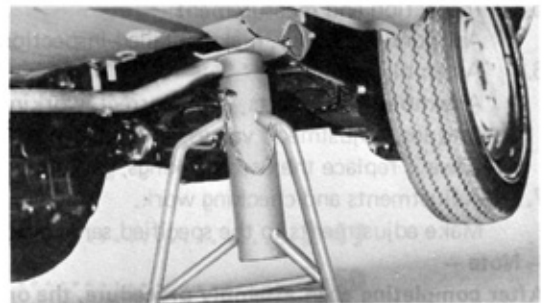
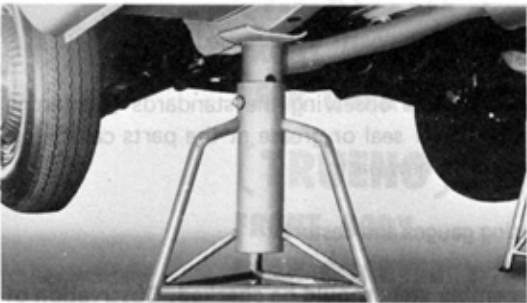


Fig.1-1 Vehicle Lift-Up and Support Locations

GENERAL REPAIR PRECAUTIONS

ON OPERATIONS

1. Protection of vehicles
Fender covers, seat covers, and floor covers should always be used.
2. Safe operation
After jacking up, always support with rigid racks.
3. Availability of tools, instruments, and SST.
Mechanic's tools, necessary instruments and SST's should be made ready before starting operation.
4. Determine condition of trouble
Do not start to disassemble at once. Always make sure first whether the trouble is of the kind that requires disassembly.

FOR EFFICIENT WORK

1. Disassembly
When a complicated place is to be disassembled, place punch marks, match marks, etc., at place that will not affect function in order to make reassembly work easier.
In repairing an electrical system, always disconnect the cable from the battery (+) terminal before starting work.
2. Inspection during disassembly
After removing each part, check the installed condition of the part, inspect whether the part is deformed, broken, or roughened, and for presence of injuries.
3. Arrangement of disassembled parts
Keep the disassembled parts arranged in good order. Make sure to keep apart the parts to be replaced and those to be reused.
4. Washing of disassembled parts
Thoroughly clean or wash the parts that are to be reused.
5. Inspection and measurement
As found necessary, make detailed inspection or measurement of the parts to be reused.
6. Assembly
Assemble good parts with correct working procedure and while observing the standards (tightening torques, adjustment values, etc.). Do not forget to apply liquid seal or grease at the parts called for. Always replace the used packings, gaskets, cotter pins, etc., with new parts.
7. Adjustments and checking work.
Make adjustments to the specified service standards by using gauges and testers.

– Note –

After completing each assembly procedure, the operation or assembly state should be checked. Observation of this rule will eventually lead to efficient performance of the work.